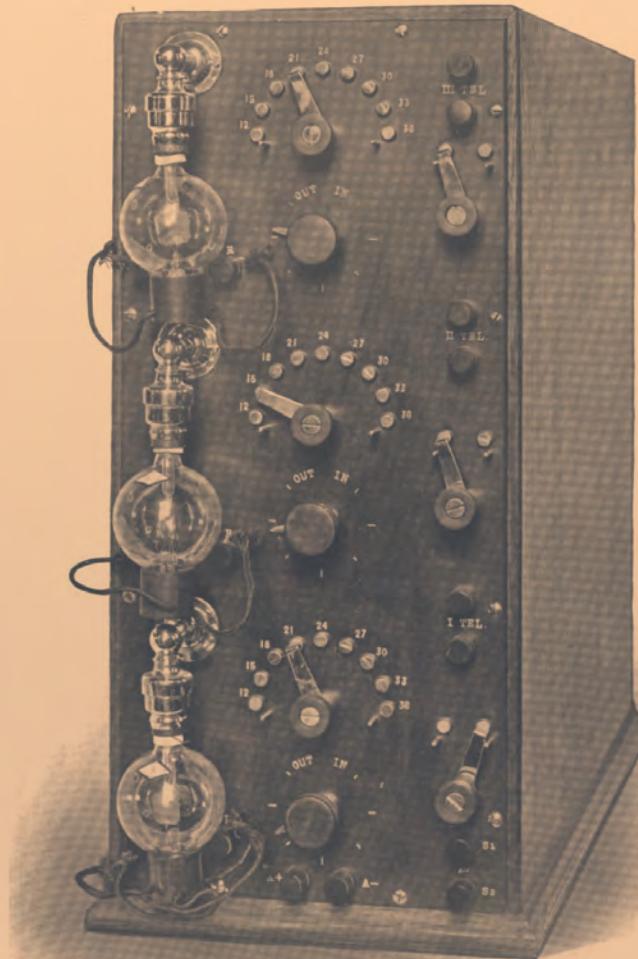


A black and white photograph of a man with a beard and a woman with blonde hair looking at a vintage vacuum tube amplifier. The man is holding the device, which has a glass tube on top and various knobs and switches. The woman is looking at the device with interest. The background is blurred.

AMPLIFICADOR DE ÁUDIO Conceitos

1906:

Invenção do amplificador de áudio Lee de Forest



1914:

Protótipo de um amplificador valvulado (triodo)

Estágios = 3

Ganho por estágio = 5

Ganho total = 125 (42 dB)

AMPLIFICADOR



MIC



MIXER / DSP



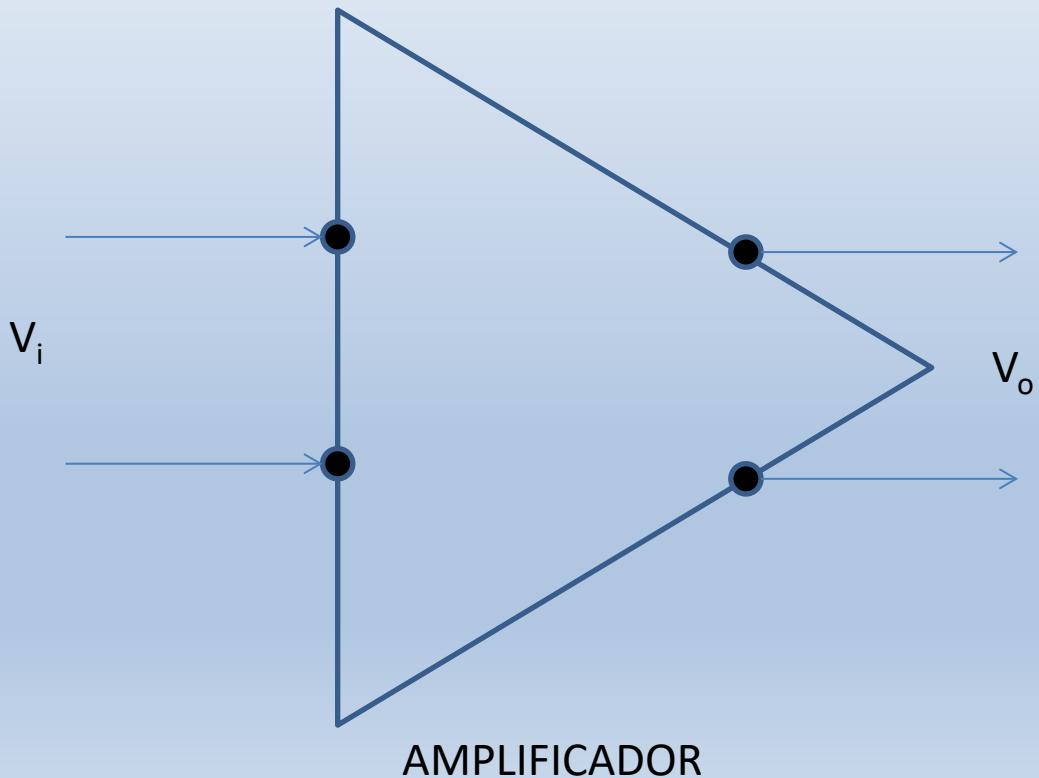
SONOFLETOR

Especificações

Ganho
Potência
Resposta em frequência
Slew rate
Distorção harmônica

Fator de damping
Relação sinal-ruído
Faixa dinâmica
Eficiência
Ruído sonoro

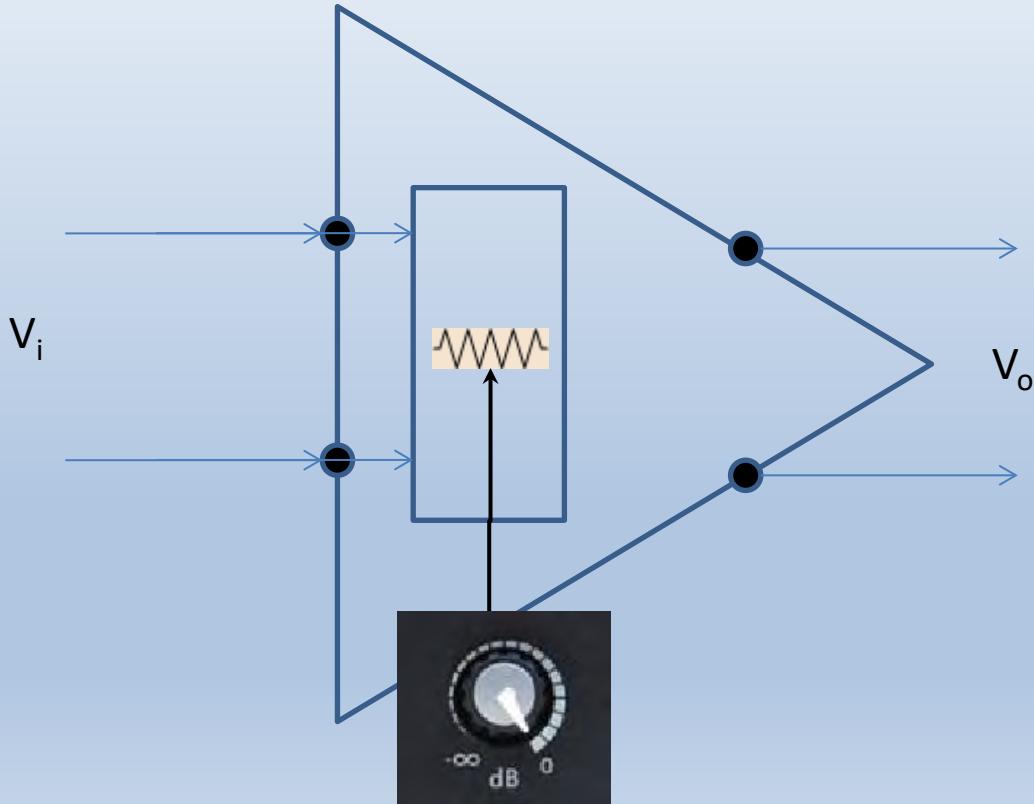
Ganho



$$Ganho = \frac{V_o}{V_i}$$

$$Ganho_{dB} = 20 \cdot \log\left(\frac{V_o}{V_i}\right)$$

Ajuste do ganho ou da sensibilidade?



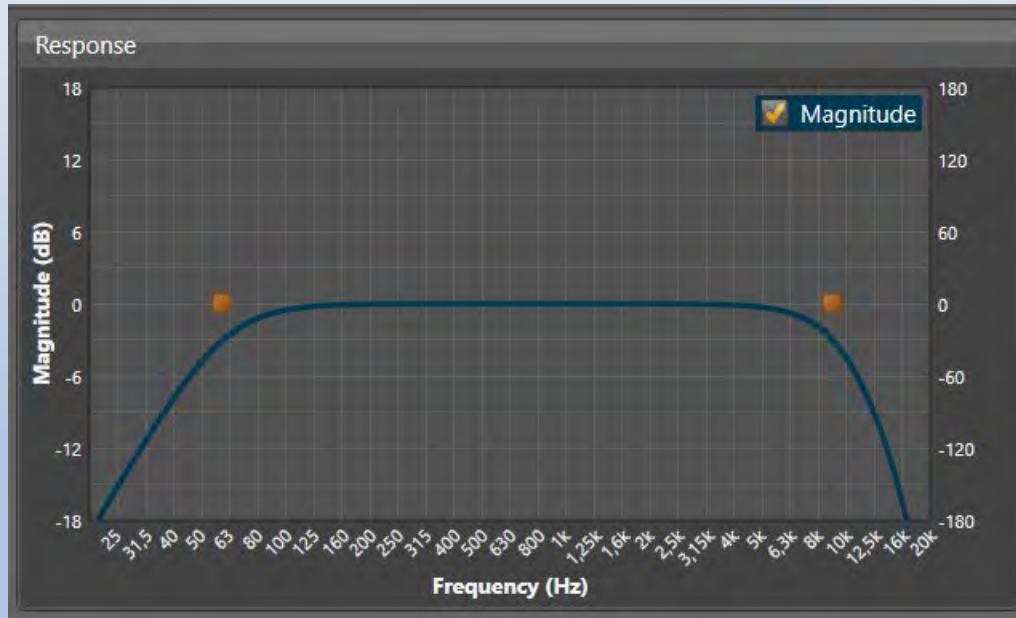
Sensibilidade = é a tensão de entrada necessária para o Amp fornecer 1 W em uma carga específica. $V_i = \frac{\sqrt{R}}{\text{Ganho}}$

Potência

$$P = \frac{V_0^2}{R_L}$$

V ₀ [V]	R _L [Ω]	P [W]	i [A]
10 V	8 Ω	12,5	1,25
10 V	4 Ω	25,0	2,50
10 V	2 Ω	50,0	5,00
110 V	4 Ω	3000	27,4

Resposta em frequência



Mais plana, melhor (± 3 dB?)

Slew rate

$$\rho = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$$

Maior, melhor

$$\geq \max \left[\frac{dv}{dt} V_{pp} \sin(2\pi f t) \right] = 2\pi f_{max} \cdot V_{pp}$$

Distorção harmônica

$THD + N$

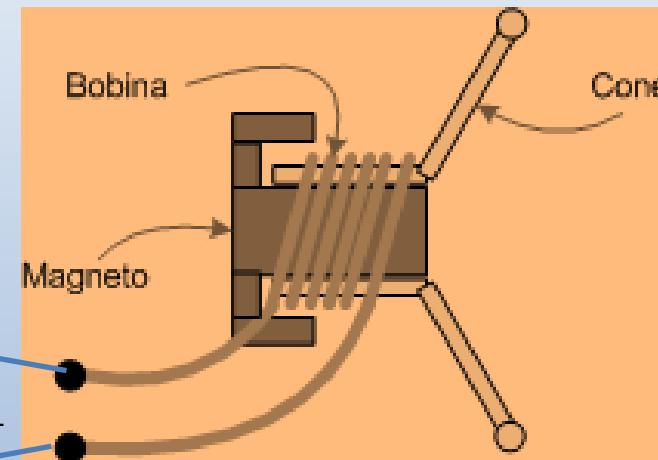
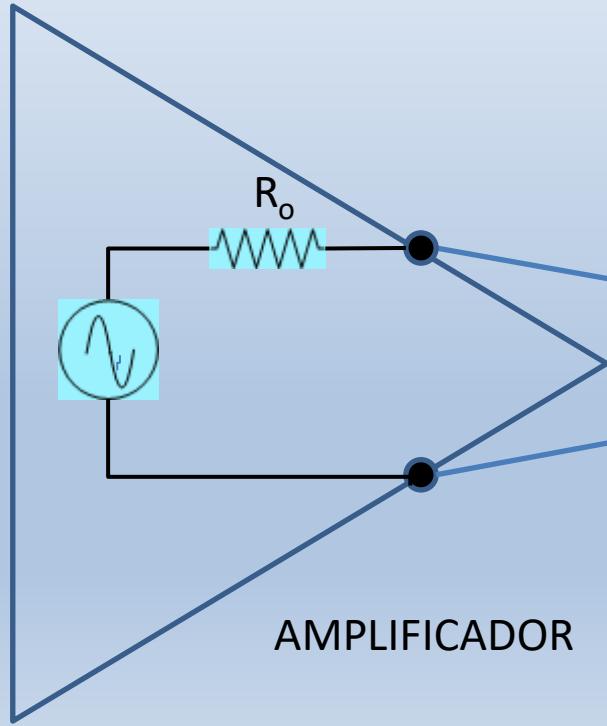
Menor, melhor (< 0,5% ?)

Fator de damping

$$\delta = \frac{R_L}{R_0}$$

Maior, melhor (> 200 ?)

Impedância de saída



SONOFLETOR

$$R_o \ll R_L$$

Relação sinal-ruído

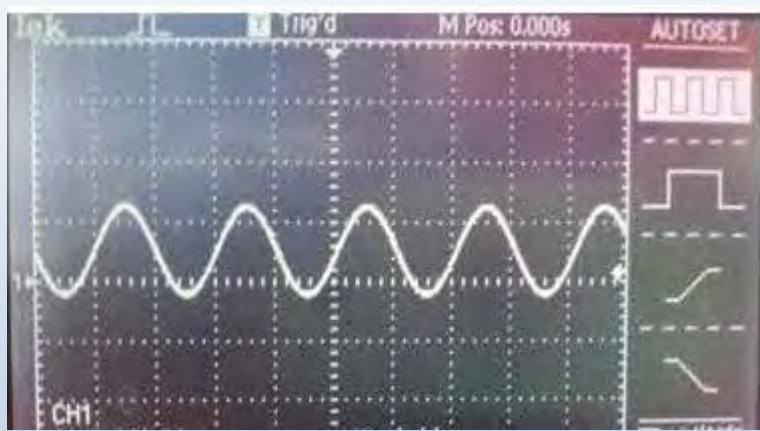
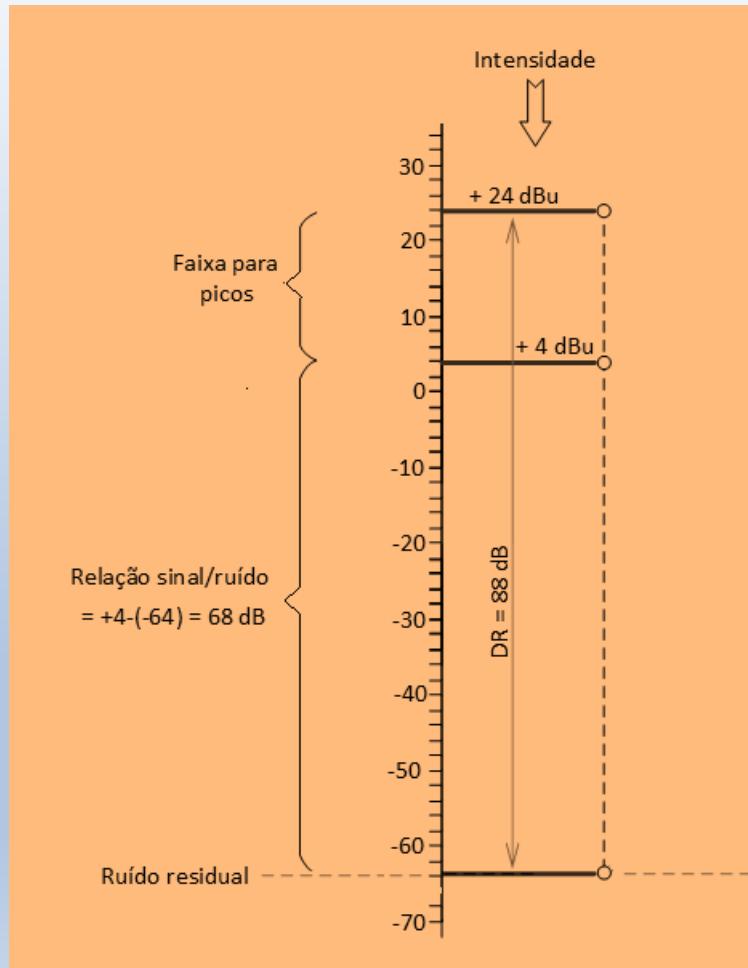
SNR ou $\frac{S}{N}$

Maior, melhor (> 90 dB ?)

Faixa dinâmica

$$DR = \frac{\text{máx tensão de saída}}{\text{máx nível de ruído}}$$

Maior, melhor (> 96 dB ?)



Eficiência

$$Eficiência = \frac{Potência\ na\ carga}{Potência\ fornecida\ ao\ Amp}$$

Maior, melhor (> 80 % ?)

A potência que não vai pra carga, alimenta os circuitos eletrônicos e o estágio de saída do amplificador, que depende basicamente da classe do Amp

Classe

A: Excelente linearidade

Baixa eficiência energética (50%)

Um transistor de saída, polarizado estabelece o ponto de operação em meia corrente

B: Mais eficiente ($\approx 75\%$)

Distorce o sinal

Dois transistores de saída, em push-pull, cada um conduz um ciclo (positivo e negativo)

AB: Menos distorção

Distorce o sinal

Dois transistores de saída, em push-pull, ligeiramente polarizados

D: Excelente eficiência

Emissão de RF

Modulação por largura de pulso (PWM) e filtragem na saída

Ruído sonoro

Menor, melhor (< 60 dB SPL ?)

... em 1975

FABIO

\$2.95

ICD 08400

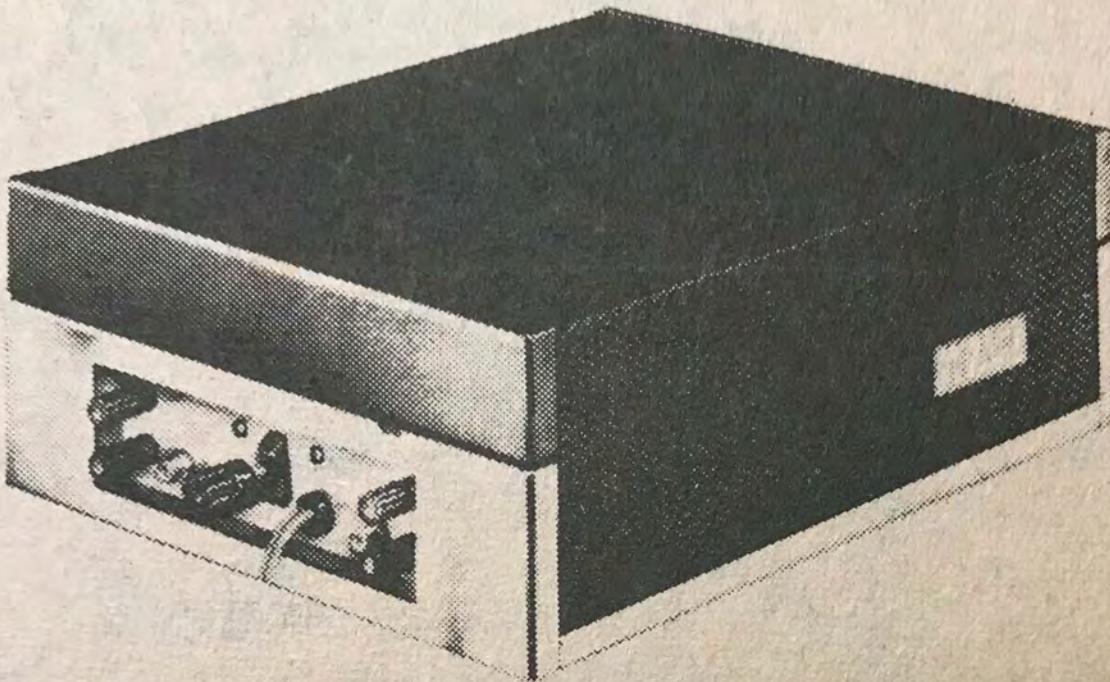
HIGH FIDELITY'S TEST REPORTS

1975 EDITION

**how to
get the most
for your
money**

ACOUSTIC RESEARCH * ADC * ADVENT * ADVOCATE * AKAI * ALTEC * AMPEX * ASTROCOM/M
AUDIOANALYST * AUDIO DYNAMICS * AUDIO MAGNETICS * AUDIOTEX * BASF * B&O * BOS
BOZAK * BSR * CAPITOL * CETRON * CHANNEL MASTER * C/M * CONCORD * CROWN
DBX * DECCA * DESIGN ACOUSTICS * DISCWASHER * DITTON * DOKORDER * DUAL
DYNACO * ELAC/MIRACORD * EICO * EMPIRE * EPICURE * ESS * FAIRFAX * FINCO * FISHER
FRAZIER * GARRARD * HARMAN-KARDON * HARTLEY * HEATH * INFINITY * JBL * JENSEN
JERROLD * JFD * JVC * KENWOOD * KLH * KLIPSCH * KOSS * LAFAYETTE * LEAK * LENCO * LE
LINEAR * MAGNAVOX * MARANTZ * MAXELL * MEMOREX * NAKAMICHI * NIKKO * ONKYO * OF
PERPETUUM-EBNER * PHILIPS * PICKERING * PILOT * PIONEER * QUAD * RABCO * RADIO SHACK

BUYING GUIDE



Dynaco Stereo 120 Power Amplifier

Dynaco Stereo 120 Power Amp

Lab Test Data

Performance characteristic

Measurement

Power output (at 1 kHz
into 8-ohm load)

1 ch at clipping	65.8 watts	at 0.14% THD
1 ch for 0.5% THD	66.1 watts	
r ch at clipping	64 watts	at 0.1% THD
r ch for 0.5% THD	67 watts	
both chs simultaneously		
1 ch at clipping	65.3 watts	at 0.19% THD
r ch at clipping	62.1 watts	at 0.13% THD

Power bandwidth for
constant 0.5% THD

below 20 Hz to well beyond
20 kHz

Harmonic distortion

60 watts output	nonmeasurable, 100 Hz to 10 kHz; below 0.25%, 70 Hz to 20 kHz; 1% at 20 Hz
30 watts output	nonmeasurable, 100 Hz to 10 kHz; below 0.15%, 20 Hz to 20 kHz

IM distortion

4-ohm load	nonmeasurable up to 40 watts
8-ohm load	nonmeasurable up to 42 watts; below 0.2% up to 70 watts
16-ohm load	nonmeasurable up to 33 watts

Frequency response,
1-watt level

+0, -0.5 dB, 10 Hz to 100
kHz

Damping factor

110

Input characteristics

Sensitivity, 1.61 volts; S/N
ratio, better than 95 dB

VITRINE
DE
AMPLIFICADORES

MuxLab 500217



- Classe D estéreo 2x 50 W ou mono (bridge) 100W, em 4Ω
- Permite cascatear amplificadores
- Controlável via rede IP
- Controlável via IR (controle remoto incluso)
- Acompanha: controle remoto, sensor IR, orelhas para instalação em rack
- Possui uma entrada óptica TOSLink para áudio digital

Denon Pro DN-350MP



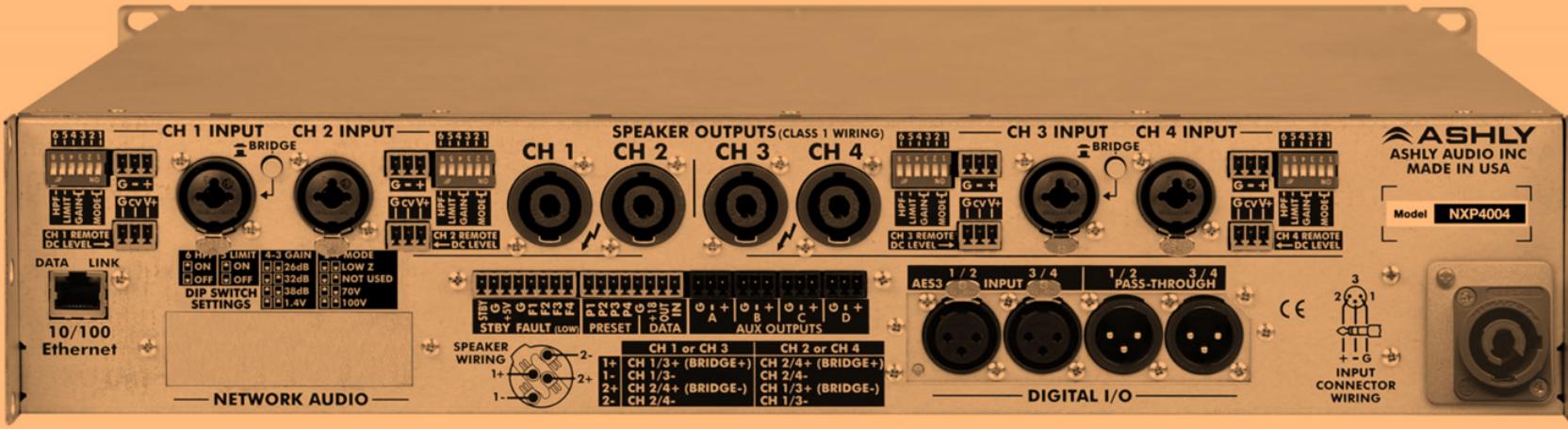
- Reprodutor Bluetooth e USB
- Amplificador de 60W mono com controle de volume e chave liga/desliga
- Suporta cargas de 4 ohms e linhas de 70V e 100V

Lea série Connect

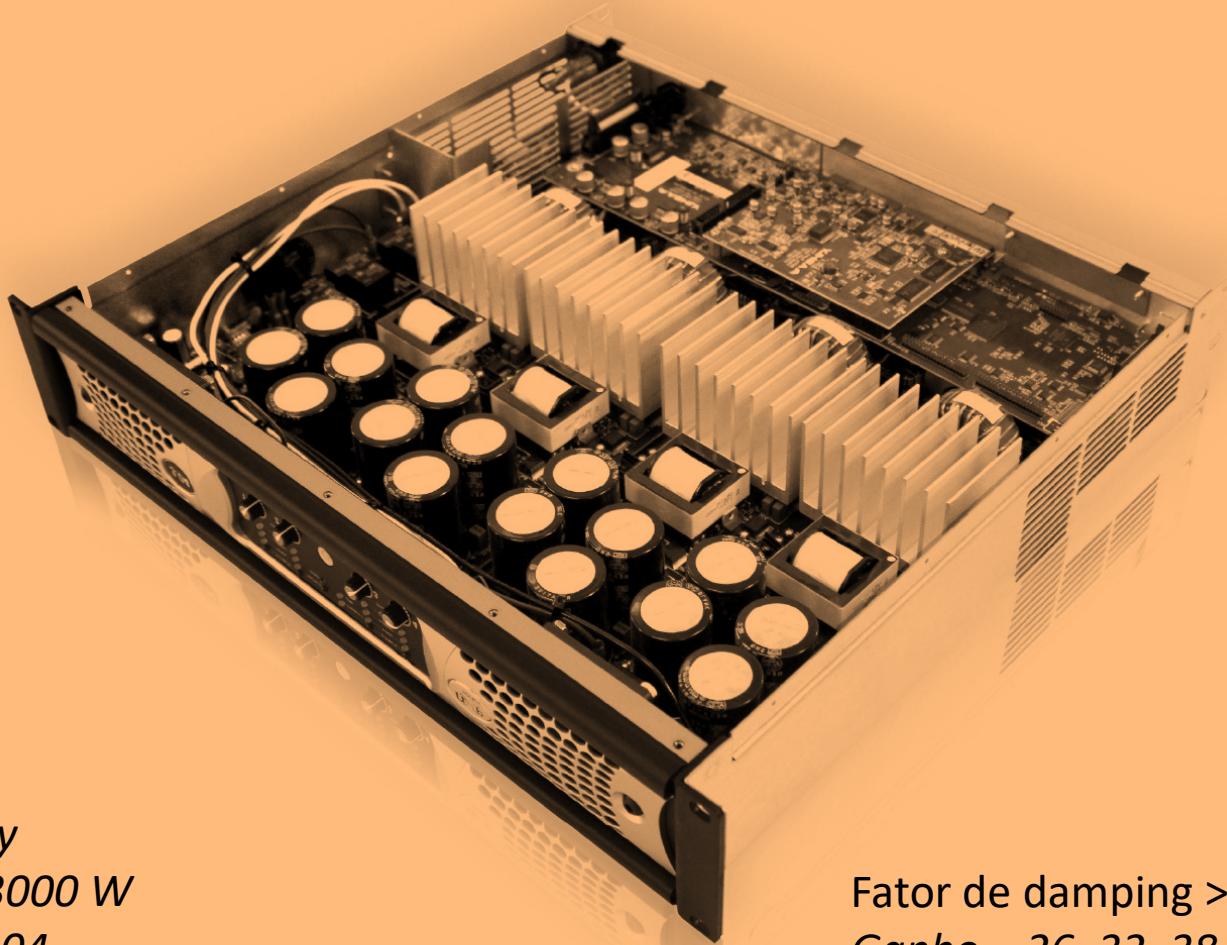


- 2, 4 e 8 canais, de 80 W até 700 W por canal
- Com Dante ou sem Dante, DSP interno
- Controle remoto via nuvem

Ashly séries ne, nX, nXe e nXp



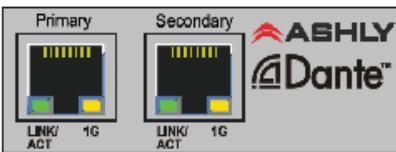
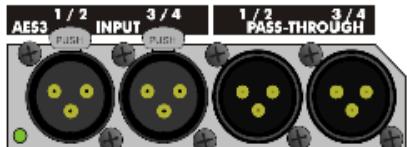
- Desde 2x75 W até 4x3000 W
- 2, 4 ou 8 canais
- Acesso à rede, controle remoto e processador DSP interno



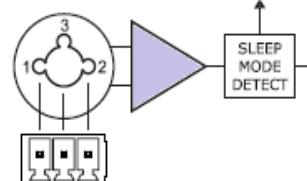
Ashly
4 x 3000 W
nX3.04

Fator de damping > 250
Ganho = 26, 32, 38 e 1,4V

DIGITAL I/O



Entrada
balanceada

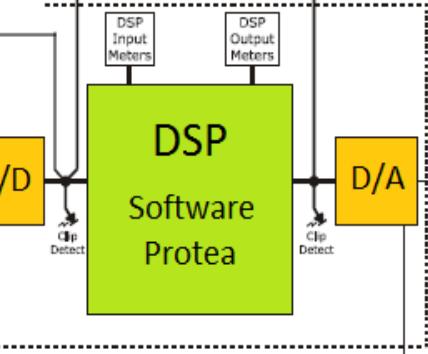


G = +

ASHLY
Audio tools for the true professional



DSP
Software
Protea



Painel

Remotos

Software
Protea

DSP

A/D

D/A

SPEAKER LOAD
ANALYSIS

CLIP
SIGNAL
CURRENT

**Amplificador
de
Potência**

AUX OUTS:*
A=Ch 1
B=Ch 2
C=Ch 3
D=Ch 4

Atenua

Ganho

HPF

BRIDGE
SWITCH

OUTPUT
MODE

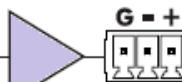
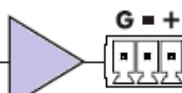
4-3 GAIN
5 LIMIT
6 HPF
2-1 MODE

26dB	ON	LOW Z
32dB	OFF	NOT USED
38dB	ON	70V
1.4V	OFF	100V

DIP SWITCH SETTINGS

**Four channel amp Aux outs are always the same signals as sent to the amplifier

† Two channel amp Aux outs can be assigned the same signals sent to the power amplifier, or assigned different signal using the DSP matrix



AUX OUTS:†
A=Assigned
B=Assigned

- nXP Series adds comprehensive Protea DSP with matrix routing, swept speaker load impedance analysis, and assignable aux outputs[†].
- nXP also offers in depth remote control using the Ashly WR-5, neWR-5, Ashly Remote app for iPad®, RD-8C, and FR-8/16.



obrigado

Fabio Montoro